Structure

1. Which is correct?
   1. Both apple is rotten.
   2. Either plan seem realistic.
   3. Either of the policies is acceptable.
   4. A great many student is registering for EN 101.

2. A ........... life expectancy is greater than ........... .
   1. woman; a man
   2. woman; man
   3. woman’s; a man
   4. woman’s; a man’s

3. ............... too tight.
   1. His jean is
   2. Her jeans are
   3. This jean is
   4. These jeans is

4. ............... are small animals.
   1. Poultry
   2. Vermin
   3. Cattle
   4. Cows

5. She’s going to buy ............... .
   1. down light
   2. a down lights
   3. a down light.
   4. none is correct

6. Only ............... deserve the fair.
   1. a brave
   2. the brave
   3. a brave man
   4. brave man

7. My son applied for ............... to MIT.
   1. admit
   2. admitted
   3. admitting
   4. admission

8. Plato was a ............... philosopher. He was born in ............... .
   1. Greece; Greek
   2. Greek; Greece
   3. Greece; Greece
   4. Greek; Greek
9. A: Do you know those people?
   B: Most of them, but not .......... of them.
   1. some
   2. none
   3. all
   4. any

10. .......... country has .......... national flag.
    1. Every; blank
    2. All; blank
    3. All; a
    4. Every; a

11. Jack has a bad memory. He can’t remember .......... .
    1. nothing
    2. something
    3. anything
    4. no one

12. Is there .......... ice in .......... fridge?
    1. some; blank
    2. some; a
    3. any; a
    4. any; the

13. A: Is there .......... bookstore near here?
    B: Yes, there’s .......... at the end of this street.
    1. blank; ones
    2. a; one
    3. a; some
    4. blank; some

14. .......... L(1) life is not possible without .......... water.
    1. The; the
    2. blank; blank
    3. A; blank
    4. blank; the

15. I’d like to speak to .......... manager, please.
    1. a
    2. the
    3. some
    4. blank

16. When I was .......... child, I liked reading .......... .
    1. a; story
    2. a; stories
    3. the; the story
    4. the; story
17. I gave .......... my address and he gave me .......... .
   1. him; himself  2. him; his
   3. he; his        4. he; him

18. A: Whose shoes are these?
    B: They’re .......... .
   1. John           2. John’s
   3. her            4. himself

19. It’s a nice camera. Is it .......... ?
   1. him            2. her
   3. our            4. his

    1. the; her; the  2. the; his; the
    3. a; his; a     4. a; her; a

21. I want that .......... . Please give .......... to me.
    1. book; one     2. book; it
    3. books; then   4. books; ones

22. I don’t understand why you always feel .......... everything.
    1. bored in      2. bored with
    3. boring with   4. boring by

    1. that old Spanish song  2. old that Spanish song
    3. that old song Spanish  4. that Spanish old song

24. My daughter is .......... than yours.
    1. more old       2. more older
    3. older          4. oldest

25. When you find something funny, you are .......... .......... it.
    1. amused; by     2. amusing; by
    3. amused; to     4. amusing; to
   1. played       2. played on
   3. played against  4. Both 1+3 are correct.

27. Which is not an intransitive verb?
   1. Jane posted a letter for me.
   2. The baby is crying.
   3. He drives to his office everyday.
   4. The concert started at 8.00 pm.

28. John cashed a cheque ......his wife and reserved tickets for a concert
    ...... her.
   1. for, for       2. with, to
   3. at, at        4. to, to

29. Which contains an indirect object?
   1. Cheetahs run at an enormous speed.
   2. Some new doors squeak loudly.
   3. Joe fixed the radio for me.
   4. He has promised his wife a trip to France.

30. Her husband always listens ......her and relies......her.
   1. to, with       2. with, on
   3. to, on        4. at, at

31. Which is incorrect?
   1. The door opened automatically.
   2. The gold price increased.
   3. She apologized for being late.
   4. This soup smells well.
32. Which item does not contain a linking verb?
   1. Gold always remains valuable.
   2. She seemed happy because of the exam result.
   3. She stays healthy at the age of 85.
   4. A lot of people waited for a bus.

33. Which is not a request?
   1. Can you wait a moment, please?
   2. Can you all get ready to go?
   3. Can Mary speak four languages?
   4. Can you please be quiet?

34. He didn’t phone us. His telephone ...........
   1. may break
   2. might break
   3. may have broken
   4. All are correct.

35. Ken ........out tonight but he is unsure.
   1. go
   2. will go
   3. may go
   4. able to go

36. Philip ........marry Jane because he was very poor.
   1. is able not to
   2. was able not to
   3. wasn’t able to
   4. can’t

37. You ........see a doctor if you are sick.
   1. ought to
   2. shall
   3. ought
   4. will

38. Which is an offer?
   1. Would you like coffee?
   2. May I get you coffee?
   3. Can I get you coffee?
   4. All are correct.
39. You ......... make a loud noise in a hospital.
   1. have to not 2. not have to
   3. must not 4. must not to
40. It is better to avoid ......... during the rush hours.
   1. travel 2. travels
   3. travelling 4. travelled
41. Many mothers have trouble ......... with their teenage children.
   1. deals 2. dealing
   3. dealt 4. to deal
42. The boss let all of us ......... a day off.
   1. has 2. have
   3. having 4. had
43. John neglected ......... his wife a birthday present.
   1. give 2. gave
   3. to give 4. giving
44. Diabetes compelled Jane ......... on a special diet.
   1. to go 2. go
   3. goes 4. gone
45. Tom has now stopped ......... because his son requested him to do so.
   1. smokes 2. to smoke
   3. smoked 4. smoking
46. Which is correct?
   1. Paracetamol helps relieve pain.
   2. Paracetamol helps to relieve pain.
   3. Paracetamol helps us relieve pain.
   4. All are correct.
47. He always looks but today he has dressed himself as a woman.
   1. manly, purposely  2. manly, purpose
   3. man, purpose  4. man, purposely

48. There are two English newspapers in Thailand.
   1. day  2. days
   3. daily  4. dailies

49. It is hot in summer so tourists come to Thailand at this time of the year.
   1. awful, hard  2. awfully, hard
   3. awfully, hardly  4. awful, hardly

50. A house with an swimming pool is costly.
   1. outdoor  2. outdoorly
   3. outdoors  4. All are correct.

51. Two-thirds of the birds sold.
   1. was  2. has been
   3. is  4. have been

52. In the garden many benches.
   1. has  2. are
   3. have  4. is

53. Tim, as well as his brothers, diligently.
   1. works  2. have worked
   3. work  4. are working

54. A peanut butter and jelly sandwich his favorite snack.
   1. have  2. are
   3. is  4. has

55. Neither Urai nor her relatives Spanish.
   1. has studied  2. study
   3. was studying  4. studies
56. Nipa, together with her twins, _____ tennis every morning.
   1. play
   2. have played
   3. plays
   4. has played

57. The book was well received, _____ the movie was a hit.
   1. but
   2. so
   3. or
   4. nor

58. Joyce cannot sing, _____ she dance.
   1. or
   2. so
   3. but
   4. nor

59. Dan stood in line for hours, _____ he could not buy the tickets.
   1. yet
   2. or
   3. and
   4. so

60. None of the students attended classes, _____ they all failed.
   1. so
   2. but
   3. yet
   4. nor

61. The committee meet every Sunday, _____ the public is invited to attend.
   1. or
   2. but
   3. yet
   4. and

62. Tim likes jazz, _____ Linda prefers rock music.
   1. and
   2. nor
   3. but
   4. so

63. I didn’t like that movie _____ it was so slow.
   1. yet
   2. therefore
   3. although
   4. because

64. _____ the actors came out, the crowd cheered.
   1. However
   2. When
   3. Therefore
   4. Despite
65. The manager ______ was fired had mismanaged the company's budget.
   1. who  
   2. whose 
   3. whom 
   4. which 

66. Tom would have been selected Man of the Year ______ he had been taller.
   1. unless 
   2. when 
   3. if 
   4. after 

67. The building ______ was torn down contained seventy floors.
   1. where 
   2. which 
   3. when 
   4. what 

68. ______ he will pass the exam depends on how hard he tries.
   1. Unless 
   2. However 
   3. Where 
   4. Whether 

69. The woman ______ daughter won the contest yesterday fainted.
   1. whose 
   2. whom 
   3. who 
   4. which 

70. What time did you ______ the theater?
   1. arrive to 
   2. arrive at 
   3. arrive 
   4. arrive on 

71. Which is a sentence?
   1. What a beautiful garden! 
   2. Jerry coming home late.
   3. What you heard. 
   4. Flying dangerously. 

72. Which is a complete sentence?
   1. As the manager said. 
   2. According to the doctor's report.
   3. When she swam. 
   4. Beautifully, she walked away.
73. Which is a simple sentence?
   1. John studying hard.
   2. Jack is a tennis player and James is a superstar.
   3. Turn on the radio, please.
   4. Joyce walks as if she were a model.

74. Which sentence is correct?
   1. The water runs deeply.
   2. The dog barks loud.
   3. The cake smells well.
   4. Johns understands the lesson perfectly.

75. Which sentence is correct?
   1. It rained all night long.   2. He drove dangerous.
   3. The flowers looked beautifully.  4. The old people went firstly.
Vocabulary

76. My secretary **hesitated** for a moment before saying “yes.”
   1. hurried
   2. considered
   3. scurried around
   4. paused

77. He was ............ by fatigue and weakness.
   1. doubted
   2. plagued
   3. puzzled
   4. pleased

78. We have very clear evidence about the drug’s ............ in preventing serious effects of infection.
   1. reign
   2. role
   3. process
   4. procedure

79. President Clinton is Bush’s ...........
   1. predecessor
   2. precentor
   3. possessor
   4. precedent

80. The chairman came late ............. the heavy rain.
   1. due to
   2. according to
   3. because
   4. though

81. At last, she decided to **enrol** in an interior design degree course at London’s Royal College of Art.
   1. register
   2. apply
   3. enlist
   4. roll

82. Jim is a very ............ lad. He makes determined efforts to overcome his difficulties.
   1. ambitious
   2. stubborn
   3. successful
   4. charming
83. Ten people have been killed during a .......... in Manila.
   1. rival 2. riot
   3. ceremony 4. march

84. She made many .......... to give her brothers and sisters a good education.
   1. sacraments 2. sacrifices
   3. securities 4. relations

85. The sunlight lit the walls with yellow light.
   1. strengthened 2. illuminated
   3. lubricated 4. smoothed out

86. His religious faith is reflected in his poems.
   1. confidence 2. certainty
   3. belief and trust 4. fate and power

87. Matilda showed her strength in overcoming the difficulty.
   1. conflict 2. confidence
   3. discouragement 4. determination

88. Bangkok is considered .......... because it’s a big city.
   1. maximum 2. metropolitan
   3. ambitious 4. unaffected

89. There is a(n) .......... of garbage in front of her house and it stinks.
   1. session 2. borough
   3. confluence 4. abundance

90. John seems to have ..........energy: he never looks tired.
   1. curious 2. primarily
   3. limitless 4. influential

91. Jane did not show up at the meeting point: ............
   1. she did not dance 2. somebody saw her
   3. she did not come 4. she did not appear happy
92. For Thai people, the King’s words are ________: they listen to him and behave according to his advice.
   1. influential  2. mysterious
   3. predictive    4. descent

93. Jim and Jack are fellow musicians: ________________.
   1. they belong to the same music band
   2. they teach music
   3. they always follow each other
   4. they always go to the same place

94. Joe is doing two jobs at a time in order to ________his financial needs.
   1. document    2. look up
   3. fulfill      4. arrange

95. __________on the computer if you want to read a news summary in Bangkok Post.
   1. Look up    2. Make up of
   3. Utter      4. Open

96. This printing house’s policy is efficiency; ____________________.
   1. your book will be printed in another two years’ time
   2. you may have to pay a lot
   3. you can have your book printed in two weeks
   4. the printing itself is very costly

97. During the last five minutes of the football match, Ronaldo ________ the goal and scored.
   1. pleased    2. fulfilled
   3. concluded   4. aimed at
98. As a housewife with three small children, Malee wants to earn some money. Thus, she has taken a _____ job in the afternoon as a cashier in a supermarket.

1. full-time 2. influential
3. part-time 4. independent

99. After a week, Jane got used to the Thai climate; _________________.

1. she complained about it a lot
2. she knew what to wear
3. she did not have to stay in an air-conditioned room all the time.
4. Both 2 and 3 are correct.

100. A person who is invited to preside over a ceremony must know the _____ of opening the ceremony.

1. manners 2. etiquette
3. methods 4. values

101. At a wedding reception, guests show a(an) _____ of goodwill to the bride and the bridegroom.

1. beliefs 2. expression
3. custom 4. Value

102. The media’s comments were compelling; the overweight girl was given a seat to study nursing.

1. convincing 2. preventive
3. postponed 4. continuously

103. Because of the storm, the flight was_____ until ten o’clock.

1. boosted 2. built up
3. postponed 4. prevented

104. Self-sufficient economy will bring continuous_____ to Thailand.

1. sources 2. failure
3. documentation 4. benefits
105. There are many graduates each year, so the job market is _______.
   1. excellent  2. tightening  3. rattling  4. meaningful

106. Nowadays people tend to _______ in everything in order to survive.
   1. compete  2. camp  3. confide  4. concoct

107. _______ is the term used to refer to intellectuals.

108. We need to consider many _______ of the project before we make any decision.
   1. stereotypes  2. parties  3. aspects  4. affairs

109. We are closely _____ in a research project supported by the university.
   1. turned  2. neglected  3. involved  4. acquired

110. The traffic grew heavier when we ______ the accident area.
    1. appeared  2. approached  3. concocted  4. conceived

111. The story of Rama and Sita is a ______ that most girls enjoy reading.
    1. poem  2. biography  3. ballad  4. myth

112. The organization for abused children asks for ______ of financial support from current members and other philanthropists.
    1. continuance  2. assessment  3. achievement  4. conservation
113. His part-time job as a disc jockey _____ his grades; he failed.
   1. illuminated          2. perfected
   3. strengthened         4. affected

114. They _____ his applause as acceptance of the performance.
   1. invented           2. manipulated
   3. interpreted        4. eradicated

115. Graduate students need to pass a _____ examination before they can start
      writing a Master’s paper.
   1. comprehensive      2. comprehensible
   3. agreeable          4. promotional

116. His anger is _____ through his eyes.
   1. iconic             2. reflected
   3. demonic            4. perplexed

117. The man promised his girlfriend to give her ________ love.
   1. luring             2. geological
   3. surfacing          4. eternal

118. Nurses are shown how to _____ the patients’ bed sheets.
   1. fold               2. pang
   3. crust              4. erupt

119. He _____ the heavy rocks into the river far below.
   1. fertilized         2. heaved
   3. collapsed          4. explained

120. His anger ________ when he caught her red-handed having an affair.
   1. collapsed          2. tilted
   3. erupted            4. compressed
Structure

1. Which one is correct?
   1. Each plan is unique.  
   2. Either policies are realistic.
   3. Neither solution are acceptable.  
   4. Every people are afraid of the dead.

2. A: Who’s Jim?
   B: He’s ...........
   1. Mary friend
   2. Mary’s cousin
   3. a fiance of Mary
   4. one of Mary’s boyfriend

3. Give ............. to your wife.
   1. a regard
   2. my regard
   3. our regards
   4. regard

4. ............. are looking for the lost car.
   1. My relative
   2. My cousin
   3. The police
   4. The suspect

5. A pizza with ............. is my favorite food.
   1. a tomato
   2. tomato
   3. tomatoes
   4. some tomatoes

6. ............. die young.
   1. A good
   2. The good
   3. Good man
   4. A good man

7. After a brief ............. about the accident they returned to the subject of music.
   1. inquire
   2. inquired
   3. inquiring
   4. inquiry

8. Kristers is a famous ............. tennis player. She comes from .............
   1. Belgium, Belgium
   2. Belgium; Belgian
   3. Belgian; Belgian
   4. Belgian; Belgium
9. You can have ............ of this cake but not all of it.
   1. any  2. none  3. some  4. either
10. I didn't know about the meeting. ............ told me.
11. He hasn't got ............ to talk to.
    1. nobody  2. somebody  3. anyone  4. anything
12. We've got ............ cheese but we haven't got ............ bread.
    1. some; some  2. some; any  3. any; any  4. any; some
13. A: Which cigarettes are ............?
    B: ............ on the table.
    1. yours; The ones  2. yours; Ones  3. your; The ones  4. you; Ones
14. A: Can you play ............ flute?
    B: No, I can play ............ saxophone.
    1. the; the  2. blank; blank  3. a; a  4. blank; the
15. Who is ............ President of ............ United States?
    1. blank; the  2. the; the  3. a; a  4. a; blank
16. Do you want ............ cup of ............ coffee?
    1. blank; blank  2. blank; the  3. a; a  4. a; blank
17. Did they pay for .......... or did you pay for ..........?
   1. themselves; them  2. them; themselves
   3. themselves; them  4. them; themselves

18. A: ........... money is this?
    B: It's mine.
   1. Which  2. Whose
   3. What  4. What kind of

19. Are ........... people friends of ...........?
   1. those; you  2. those; yours
   3. that; them  4. these; him

20. Thank you for ........... letter. It was good to hear from you again.
    1. his  2. her
    3. your  4. their

21. That film is ........... of all.
    1. most funny  2. funnier
    3. funniest  4. the funniest

22. He's ...........
    1. a nice intelligent young man  2. nice an intelligent young man
    3. an intelligent nice young man  4. a nice intelligent man young

23. ........... like to eat well.
    1. French  2. The French
    3. A French  4. France

24. I was ........... not to get the job.
    1. disappointing  2. disappointed
    3. disappoint  4. disappointment

25. I want those ........... Please give ........... to me.
    1. books; them  2. book; it
    3. books; ones  4. book; one
26. Jane...wonderful and like a filmstar.
   1. appeared, looked   2. wanted, took
   3. came, appointed   4. made, branded

27. Which contains a direct object?
   1. This book belongs to the library.
   2. I walked down the garden with her.
   3. He delivered food to a customer.
   4. The medical bill amounted to 20,000 baht.

28. Which does not contain a transitive verb?
   1. Enjoy yourself while you are still young.
   2. James always nibbles at an apple every afternoon.
   3. The police arrested the three robbers.
   4. The economy is getting better.

29. Which has an object complement?
   1. Her whole body ached after exercising.
   2. The company appointed Jim chairman.
   3. He worked in a fast food restaurant.
   4. The audience dispersed after the show finished.

30. She.....happy after she heard the good news.
    1. seemed   2. felt
    3. appeared   4. All are correct.

31. Which is incorrect?
    1. He painted his bedroom green.
    2. A close look at blood can turn his face white.
    3. All of the villagers elected John leader.
    4. The noodles tasted deliciously.
32. Regular exercise can lead...good health.
   1. to 2. with
   3. for 4. on

33. I can’t knit. You should ask Ann. She .......knit.
   1. may can 2. may will
   3. may be able to 4. will can

34. The weather forecast says that it isn’t going to rain. You......take an umbrella with you.
   1. needn’t 2. have not to
   3. don’t need to 4. Both 1+3 are correct.

35. Children......speak to strangers.
   1. mustn’t 2. couldn’t
   3. don’t have to 4. may not

36. To get a good seat, you......book in advance.
   1. must 2. have got to
   3. have to 4. all are correct.

37. .........Susan go to school?
   1. Has to 2. Do
   3. Have to 4. Must

38. Which is a request?
   1. Can you do me a favour?
   2. Could you do me a favour?
   3. Would you please do me a favour?
   4. All are correct.

39. He ......here by now, but I haven’t seen him.
   1. ought to have been 2. ought have been
   3. ought to be 4. should to be
40. John was disappointed...any bonus.
   1. to not receive         2. not receiving
   3. not to receive         4. did not receive

41. He was...proud...for help.
   1. too, to ask            2. enough, to ask
   3. too, asking           4. enough, asking

42. Nobody could explain the speaker's failure ............
   1. showed up             2. showing up
   3. to show up            4. show up

43. Ramkhamhaeng University's aim is ........... education to all.
   1. to offer              2. offered
   3. offers                4. offer

44. Part-time jobs help children ......used to ......a little money.
   1. to get, making        2. getting, making
   2. get, make             4. getting, make

45. He encouraged his children ..........tennis when they were little.
   1. to play               2. played
   3. play                  4. playing

46. Which is incorrect?
   1. Do you fancy playing chess this afternoon?
   2. The lorry driver admitted driving too fast.
   3. He always avoids to travel during the rush hour.
   4. Don't risk walking in the dark on your own.

47. The government would ..........like to get rid of illegal drugs.
   1. very much              2. much
   3. very                   4. Both 1+2 are correct.
48. The houses in the village were.............damaged by the flood.
   1. very                      2. utter
   3. badly                     4. extreme

49. Could you please speak a little.............slowly?
   1. more                      2. very
   3. most                      4. even

50. Susan doesn’t work as.............she used to.
   1. hard as                   2. the hardest
   3. harder                    4. so hard

51. On the wall.............three paintings.
   1. has                      2. is
   3. have                     4. are

52. We.............climbing for two hours.
   1. have                     2. have been
   3. are                      4. had

53. Malee or her colleagues.............complaints.
   1. has filed                2. was filing
   3. have filed               4. is filing

54. Spaghetti and meatballs.............a lot of fat.
   1. have contained          2. contain
   3. has been containing     4. contains

55. Two-fifths of the watermelon.............eaten.
   1. has been                2. are
   3. have been               4. were

56. Both flower vases.............broken.
   1. has been                2. was
   3. is                      4. were
57. Danai wrote a play, ______ it was not successful.
   1. or  2. and
   3. nor  4. but

58. Suda enjoys teaching, ______ her students enjoy studying with her.
   1. and  2. or
   3. but  4. nor

59. Sompong cannot get that job, ______ can he win the scholarship.
   1. but  2. nor
   3. so  4. or

60. It rained continually for three days, ______ the town was flooded.
   1. but  2. yet
   3. so  4. for

61. Patricia has been practicing all night, ______ she could not perform well.
   1. and  2. so
   3. then  4. yet

62. I felt sick, ______ I had to go home.
   1. or  2. but
   3. nor  4. so

63. The forest fire occurred ______ it was so dry in the summer.
   1. despite  2. although
   3. because  4. unless

64. The town was flooded ______ it rained heavily.
   1. despite  2. even though
   3. although  4. when

65. Suda would have gone abroad ______ she had had enough money.
   1. if  2. although
   3. unless  4. because
66. The lecturer _____ class is always full tells a lot of jokes.
   1. which 2. whose 3. whom 4. who

67. Kanda enjoys reading _____ her husband prefers watching TV.
   1. while 2. when 3. since 4. until

68. John got a scholarship to further his studies _____ he was so diligent.
   1. if 2. unless 3. although 4. since

69. He was shot _____ he got out of the car.
   1. unless 2. if 3. as soon as 4. until

70. Which is a simple sentence?
   1. Swimming quickly. 2. Because I love you.
   3. Go away! 4. John went away since he had no time.

71. Which is a sentence?
   3. On the branches sitting quietly. 4. When it rained.

72. Which is a complete sentence?
   1. A series of talks scheduled every day.
   2. Ben Johnson a tennis player who finished the first.
   3. After he left. 4. The bird flew away.

73. Which sentence is correct?
   1. He drove fastly. 2. He stayed up late.
   3. They played fairly. 4. He worked hardly.
74. Jane _____ his mother in the crowd.
   1. looked about  2. looked out
   3. looked for  4. looked

75. Which sentence is correct?
   1. He jumped highly.
   2. He likes to get up last.
   3. He acted wrong.
   4. We bow lowly to the old people.
Vocabulary

76. Mr. And Mrs. Smith are an unaffected, charming couple.
1. not changed
2. undignified
3. genuine behavior
4. friendly and likable

77. Thailand is enjoying a new area of peace and .......... these days.
1. crackdown
2. prosperity
3. suppression
4. economic collapse

78. She delivered her speech in Spanish without any self-doubt.
1. suspect
2. individuality
3. lack of confidence
4. lack of certainty

79. Liz tried hard to win Jim's affection.
1. fondness
2. likeness
3. affirmation
4. adoration

80. My sister is a well respected member of the international community.
1. ingenuous
2. famous
3. adored and trusted
4. admired and important

81. Somsri .............. her living by writing novels.
1. performs
2. arranges
3. manages
4. earns

82. Liza is greatly superior to her husband in terms of her education.
1. restricted
2. higher
3. superficial
4. superb

83. The assassination of her husband has been thoroughly investigated.
1. association
2. assignment
3. killing accidentally
4. murder by sudden attack
84. We should go forth to keep up the pace of economic growth.
   1. go forward
   2. go straight
   3. continue
   4. proceed

85. My son shrank back when she tried to talk to him.
   1. showed
   2. shrugged
   3. shifted
   4. moved

86. To protect trade union rights is his lastest endeavor.
   1. attempt
   2. energy
   3. hesitation
   4. promise

87. When I do something wrong, I usually have a guilty ..................
   1. conscience
   2. connection
   3. affect
   4. mentality

88. The Bronx is considered one of the five ............. of New York City.
   1. boroughs
   2. hesitation
   3. properties
   4. uncertainties

89. The boat was sailing along the waterway when a storm arose.
   1. water sprout
   2. water supply
   3. water vapor
   4. channel for water

90. One main characteristic of a good scientist is ...........
   1. curiosity
   2. uncertainty
   3. hesitation
   4. manner

91. After the talk, the speaker asked for ...... from the audience to see what
    they thought.
   1. comments
   2. affection
   3. channels
   4. reward

92. Although she is an American citizen, Susan is Swedish by ..........
   1. conclusion
   2. property
   3. relationship
   4. descent
93. Some Malays have dual citizenship: ____________________________.
   1. they are both Thai and Malay.
   2. they have two passports.
   3. they are influential people.
   4. they have power.

94. This sportscar is costly; I can't afford it.
   1. expensive
   2. low-priced
   3. a waste of time
   4. paid

95. At the end of two-hour lecture, the teacher________what she had said in
    one sentence.
   1. enrolled
   2. involved
   3. performed
   4. concluded

96. Winning the World cup 2002 is a triumph for all Brazilians.
   1. victory
   2. courage
   3. efficiency
   4. disappointment

97. Jane's talent in learning languages is obvious: ____________________________.
   1. she can speak 8 languages
   2. she is a good translator
   3. she is a linguist
   4. she has done research in Asian languages

98. It is _________to find a seven-year-old child that is able to play many
    kinds of musical instrument.
   1. unusual
   2. responsible
   3. ordinary
   4. familiar
99. If you are interested in traditional Thai music, you can apply to be a _______ of the Traditional Thai Music and Performing Arts Club of Ramkhamhaeng University.

1. player 2. customer
3. follower 4. member

100. Many young people ________ go on to further their education.

1. choose between 2. realize
3. opt to 4. pay for

101. Almost all students ________ their graduation day.

1. look forward to 2. want
3. look for 4. look after

102. Asthma (โรคหยอปีก) is a ________ disease.

1. contagious 2. continuous
3. chronic 4. contemporary

103. A good company should respond to a customer’s complaint immediately.

1. costly 2. at once
3. usually 4. previously

104. A person who studies a particular subject or skill and knows a lot about it is called a ________.

1. professional 2. economist
3. pianist 4. specialist

105. These cars are _______; they are designed for the rich only.

1. prestigious 2. conceptual
3. disadvantageous 4. conceivable

106. For cashiers _____ is the main qualification.

1. level 2. charm
3. continuity 4. honesty
107. James' parents gave a marvelous party on his graduation.

1. recession  
2. succession  
3. occasion  
4. Commencement

108. Villagers in remote regions hold on to the _______ of strangers that they have held for generations.

1. societies  
2. stereotypes  
3. prospects  
4. degrees

109. The school ______ the students' involvement in drugs as a serious problem.

1. supports  
2. views  
3. surprises  
4. volunteers

110. The holiday they had in Nepal was ______; they enjoyed it so much.

1. terrific  
2. terrifying  
3. terrible  
4. tattered

111. Teachers ______ their students to learn by showing French movies once a week.

1. motivated  
2. maximized  
3. modified  
4. mowed

112. The characters in his books are portrayed realistically.

1. depicted  
2. concerned  
3. put up with  
4. compared

113. We have to ______ what we can do with the project if we get the money.

1. speculate  
2. eradicate  
3. compensate  
4. create

114. A new series of robots has been ______ to help out in the toy factory.

1. construed  
2. manned  
3. pondered  
4. devised
115. Busts of angels are _____ of religion in that village.
   1. romantic     2. ideal
   3. iconic       4. stylish

116. They claimed that he was not _____ when committing a crime.
   1. conscious    2. rebellious
   3. serious      4. descriptive

117. One could hear the mother hippopotamus' birth ________ when she
delivered her baby.
   1. pangs        2. compressions
   3. successions  4. upheavals

118. Most of the _______ lands in the north are severely damaged because of the
floods.
   1. fertile      2. tilting
   2. heaving      4. collapsing

119. Changing the _______ of the school can create a pleasant atmosphere for
learning.
   1. scene       2. upheaval
   3. landscape   4. succession

120. The moon ________ towards the earth naturally while it is revolving.
   1. tops        2. changes
   3. heaves      4. tilts
Exercise 1

   Equivalent

Exercise 2

9. Countable 10. Countable and Uncountable
   Uncountable
   Uncountable
17. Uncountable 18. Countable and Uncountable
   Uncountable
25. Countable and Uncountable
29. Countable 30. Countable

Exercise 3

professor, courage, star, fun, notebook, help, hospital, hospitality, waterfall, recreation, receipt, violence, aeroplane, sociology, Portuguese, castle,
brick, swimming, hockey, maid, exercising, lightning, gravity, cave, forest, rain, sugar, university, building, liquor, meat, iron, pillow, money, grammar, space

Exercise 4

Is, rich, team, papaya, sing, childhood, early, strength, cannot, pencil, shoe. Alice, tall, school, power, beauty, Edward, Park Street, soon, writer, flock, singer, badness, anger, river, quickly, joy, elk, now, mountain, buys, Friday, Mt. Everest, belong, tomorrow

Exercise 5

Atlantic Ocean, sea, water, wind, monsoon. The Nile, The Bible, book, pencil, bank, Rex cinema, school, cinema, bus, King's College, pen, house

Exercise 6

beauty, box, goodness, table, ball, height, joy, whiteness, sweetness, house, car, smoke, speed, hunger, depth, feeling, sorrow, lorry, bus, radio

Exercise 7

Richard, David, girl, brother, box, dictionary, Kuala Lumpur, night, dog, rain, sheep, England, Singapore, air, glass, children, father, wife, Japan, Bangkok. Bank

Exercise 8

bunch, ruler, school, soldier, army, bird, flock, player, team, boy, student, class, father, family
**Exercise 9**

*possible answers*

1. badminton  
2. books  
3. bread  
4. toys  
5. bicycle  
6. teacher  
7. doctor  
8. letter  
9. dress  
10. bunch  
11. clock  
12. dog  
13. chair, bench  
14. bird  
15. bunch

**Exercise 10**

<p>| 1. book  | → books  | 17. potato  | → potatoes |
| 2. chair  | → chairs | 18. foot    | → feet     |
| 3. leaf   | → leaves | 19. class   | → classes  |
| 4. pencil | → pencils| 20. church  | → churches |
| 5. shoe   | → shoes  | 21. woman   | → women    |
| 6. pen    | → pens   | 22. child   | → children |
| 7. mouse  | → mice   | 23. ox      | → oxen     |
| 8. sheep  | → sheep  | 24. man     | → men      |
| 9. gun    | → guns   | 25. fish    | → fish, fishes |
| 10. radio | → radios | 26. furniture | → furniture |
| 11. thief | → thieves| 27. advice  | → advice   |
| 12. nose  | → noses  | 28. knowledge | → knowledge |
| 13. foot  | → feet   | 29. deer    | → deer     |
| 14. daughter | → daughters | 30. proof  | → proofs   |
| 15. lady  | → ladies | 31. roof    | → roofs    |
| 16. knife | → knives | 32. cattle  | → cattle   |</p>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>Africa ➔ African</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Algeria ➔ Algerian</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>America ➔ American</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Arab ➔ Arabian</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Asia ➔ Asian</td>
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Exercise 1
1. a  2. an  3. a  4. blank  5. blank
6. blank  7. a  8. a  9. an  10. an
16. a  17. An  18. an  19. a  20. an

Exercise 2
1. the  2. blank  3. a  4. an; the  5. the; a
6. blank  7. the  8. the; the  9. the; the  10. blank;

Exercise 3
1. Children; things  2. friends
3. The flowers  4. Corsica / The Mediterranean
5. the Museum of Modern Art  6. The Panama Canal; the Atlantic
   Ocean; the Pacific Ocean
7. London University  8. Manila; the Philippines
9. the Netherlands  10. the Bahamas; the Maldives

Exercise 4
1. The  2. the  3. an
Exercise 5
1. The  2. the  3. the  4. blank  5. The
6. blank  7. blank  8. the  9. the  10. The
11. the  12. blank  13. the

Exercise 6
1. A  2. the  3. blank  4. the  5. blank
6. the  7. blank  8. the  9. the  10. the
11. the  12. blank  13. blank  14. the  15. blank
16. the  17. blank  18. blank  19. the  20. the

Exercise 7
1. his  2. her  3. your  4. their  5. their
6. my  7. our  8. his  9. her  10. its

Exercise 8

Exercise 9
1. any  2. some  3. any; some  4. some; any  5. some
6. some  7. any  8. any  9. some  10. any

Exercise 10
1. a little  2. few  3. little  4. few  5. Few
6. a few  7. little  8. few  9. a little  10. few
Exercise 11
1. much  2. a lot of  3. much  4. many  5. a lot
6. many  7. a lot of  8. many  9. many  10. much

Exercise 12
1.
 a the  b The  c the  d the  e the
 f a  g the  h a  i the  j the

2.
1. many  2. some  3. any  4. all
5. no  6. little  7. a great many  8. the amount of
Exercise 1
1. herself  2. myself  3. herself  4. ourselves  5. himself
6. themselves  7. myself  8. themselves  9. myself  10. itself

Exercise 2
1. his  2. theirs  3. hers  4. theirs  5. yours
6. hers  7. his  8. its  9. mine; yours  10. Her; Yours

Exercise 3
1. ones; ones  2. ones; ones  3. one; one  4. ones; one

Exercise 4

Exercise 5

Exercise 6
1. some; Most; some  2. some; all  3. all  4. all  5. all
Exercise 7
1. no 2. None 3. neither 4. Neither 5. none

Exercise 8
1. the other 2. the other 3. the others 4. the others 5. another; the other

Exercise 9
1. much; much 2. many 3. much; much 4. much 5. many

Exercise 10
1. Who can answer that question? 6. What made her sneeze?
2. Who is coming to dinner tonight? 7. Which one do you like?
3. Whose coat is that? 8. What time is it?
5. What is the teacher doing? 10. Whose umbrella did Jim borrow?

Exercise 11
1. whose 2. which or that 3. that or whom or 4. which or that blank
5. that or which or 6. whom or blank 7. who or that 8. that or whom or blank
9. whose 10. who or that 11. which or that 12. that or which
13. which 14. whose 15. who or that

Exercise 12
1. This 2. those 3. this 4. This; that 5. that
Exercise 1
1. foolish  2. practical  3. attractive  4. nervous  5. greedy
6. juicy  7. useful  8. humorous  9. educational  10. environmental
   useless
11. friendly  12. comfortable  13. excited, 14. pleased  15. famous
   exciting  pleasing
16. typical  17. different  18. dangerous  19. wonderful  20. advisable

Exercise 2
1. some small brown paper bag  6. a few small black plastic bag
2. a nice intelligent young man  7. a long patient queue
3. two grey woolen pullovers  8. that old Welsh harp
4. these short fat legs  9. his new hexagonal coins
5. an old Spanish song  10. all blue velvet curtains

Exercise 3
1. amused  2. disappointed  3. amazing  4. terrifying  5. satisfied
6. depressed  7. bored  8. embarrassing  9. convincing  10. confusing

Exercise 4
1. more careful  2. the happiest  3. quieter  4. the funniest  5. largest
6. happier than  7. the most  8. older than  9. the nicest  10. the most
   ridiculous
Exercise 5
1. It was kind of Jim to send us the gifts.
2. It was very generous of them to pay the bills.
3. It was very careless of Mary to forget to lock the door.
4. It was stupid of you to lose the key.
5. It was clever of your brother to answer the question.
6. It will be easy for us to pick you up at the airport.
7. It's very common for her to get up late.
8. It will be very difficult for me to fix it.
9. It's necessary for them to take a taxi.
10. It's unnecessary for you to review the lesson.

Exercise 6
1. disappointed  2. interesting  3. wooden  4. aware  5. asleep
เล่ยนบทที่ 5

แบบฝึกหัดบทสอนที่ 1
1. intransitive verb
2. intransitive verb
3. intransitive verb; intransitive verb
4. transitive verb + newspaper
5. transitive verb + a letter
6. intransitive verb
7. transitive verb + my report
8. intransitive verb
9. transitive verb + her; transitive verb + medicine
10. double transitive verb + the news (DO) + the Bangkok Post (ID)
11. transitive verb + him; transitive + his wallet
12. transitive verb + the door; transitive verb + it
13. transitive verb + her dog; intransitive verb
14. transitive verb + an apple
15. transitive verb + the police; transitive verb + an accident
16. transitive verb
17. transitive verb + you
18. transitive verb + you
19. transitive verb + its people
20. transitive verb + him

แบบฝึกหัดบทสอนที่ 2 (ไม่มีเลย นักศึกษาต้องพิจารณาประโยคที่เย็นด้วยตนเอง โดยดูจากคำอธิบาย)

แบบฝึกหัดบทสอนที่ 3

1. strong
2. valuable
2. mad
3. dark
4. wrong
5. alert and active
6. We will give you another chance. However, you must work harder.
7. happy
8. American; Thai
9. healthy
10. cold

แบบฝึกหัดชั้นปีที่ 4

trv. IO DO int. v.
1. We will give you another chance. However, you must work harder.
   int. v.
2. I walked down the garden with her.
   tr.v.
3. Mother cooked rice and curry for me.
   int. v.
   tr.v. DO
4. Before he moved to Chiangrai, Pat would meet me everyday.
   link. v. c.
   intr. v.
5. When I was young, I worked in a fast food restaurant.
   ditr. v DO IO
6. I delivered food to customers.
   intr. v.
7. My whole body ached after exercise.
   tr. v.
8. This book belongs to the library.
   link. v. c.
9. The economic crisis is getting better.
   tr. v. DO C.
10. All of villagers elected John leader.
    tr. v. DO
11. The giraffe prepared itself for a trip to the zoo in Bangkok.
    tr. v. DO tr. v. DO
12. Jack hurt himself while he was repairing his car.
    tr. v. DO IO
13. He dedicated his book to his wife.
    tr. v. DO link. v. C. C.
14. Enjoy yourself while you are young and healthy.
    tr. v. DO
15. He prides himself on his tidiness.
    int. v.
    int. v.
16. She washed very quickly and rushed downstairs.
    tr. v. DO
17. The President has expressed himself very well.

18. Mr. Brown based his argument on fact.

19. They mourn for their beloved parents.

link.v. C.

20. She looked beautiful in that white evening dress.

21. Jill showed me her new car.

di.tr.v. DO IO

22. Jim owed £80 to Jack.

23. Father has promised us a trip to Phuket.

di-tr.v. DO IO

24. His colleagues envied Jack his new position.

di-tr.v. IO DO

25. Non-performing loans have caused Thailand a huge problem.

intr.v. tr.v. DO

26. The door squeaked when Jack entered the room.

27. The medical bill amounted to 20,000 baht.

28. Some Thais believe in ghosts.

29. Jane will prepare the living room for her birthday party.

link.v. C. C. link.v. C.

30. Bill is responsible and reliable. He will make a good husband.

แบบฝึกหัดท้ายสุดที่ ๕

1. would not lead = transitive verb 2. would become = linking verb

3. did not talk = intransitive verb 4. has = delexical verb

(คือกิจกรรมไม่มีความหมายในผังของ ความหมายยืดหยุ่นกับคำนามที่พักมา นอกจากนี้ have ยังมีการตัวอื่น
ที่มีลักษณะอันเดียวกับ take และ give (Collins COBUILD English Usage, 1992:289)

5. broke = transitive verb

6. asked = transitive verb

7. had (never) said = transitive verb

8. replied = transitive verb
9. was = linking verb
10. was (born) = linking verb
11. disliked = transitive verb
12. studied = intransitive verb
13. showed up = intransitive verb
14. point = intransitive
15. would look = linking verb
16. rode = intransitive verb
17. lost = transitive verb
18. said = transitive verb
19. can experience = transitive verb
20. was = linking verb
21. took away = intransitive verb
22. moved = intransitive verb
23. became = linking verb
24. lived = transitive verb
25. enjoyed = transitive verb
26. played = transitive verb
27. was (reported) = linking verb; to have said = transitive verb
28. would be = linking verb
29. could count = intransitive verb
30. involved = transitive verb
31. kept = transitive verb
32. had = delexical verb
33. said = transitive verb
34. am = linking verb
35. is (not) entering = intransitive verb
36. don't believe = transitive verb
37. could do = transitive verb
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<th>บททดสอบที่ 1</th>
<th>บททดสอบที่ 6</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. request 2. possibility</td>
<td>3. possibility 4. offer</td>
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<td>5. ability in the past</td>
<td>6. request 7. request</td>
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<td>8. ability in the past</td>
<td>9. ability 10. ability in the past</td>
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<td>4. needn’t/don’t need to 5. mustn’t 6. needn’t have</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. needn’t have 8. mustn’t 9. needn’t</td>
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<td>10. mustn’t</td>
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<p>| 472 | EN 101 |</p>
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<td>practising</td>
<td>7. repairing</td>
<td>12. to come</td>
<td>4. communicating</td>
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<td>applying</td>
<td>8. going</td>
<td>13. carrying/carried</td>
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<td>4. having got</td>
<td>9. travelling</td>
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<td>10. to be</td>
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<td>5. being</td>
<td>10. climbing</td>
<td>15. learning</td>
<td>2. to apologize</td>
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| 1. proof-read/to proof-read | 9. to read |
| 2. feel                    | 10. to be  |
| 3. use                     | 11. smoking |
| 4. to e-mail               | 12. to come |
| 5. to reduce               | 13. carrying/carry |
| 6. to study                | 14. stealing |
| 7. to go                   | 15. learning |
| 8. to touch                |             |

| 1. queuing | 6. leaving |
| 2. carry/to carry | 7. to do/doing |
| 3. waiting/to wait | 8. to make |
| 4. to throw | 9. to pick |
| 5. feed/to feed | 10. smoking |

| 1. to tell | 4. communicating | 7. to learn |
| 2. to apologize | 5. tell | 8. to help |
| 3. to work, to make | 6. to offer | 9. to deliver |
5. is
6. can’t get, try
7. needs
8. had
9. is, don’t...put off
10. Don’t risk

2. involves
3. considered, was
4. regretted
5. enjoys

1. Can...help
2. can make
3. let
4. Remind, get
5. has advised
6. wanted
7. encouraged
8. told
9. would...recommend
10. allow
11. has stopped, has started
12. warned
13. spotted
14. admitted
15. Have...considered

3. Don’t bother
2. helped
3. hate
4. intend
5. has helped
6. must have taken, remembered
7. do...intend, were burnt
8. tried
9. stopped
10. stopped

4. is
2. was
3. was
4. has
5. Don’t be
6. is
7. has
8. is
9. was, was
10. Are
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<td>1. หลัง learn</td>
<td>6. to help = in order to help หรือ so as to help</td>
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<tr>
<td>2. หลัง is ที่มี One way...this เป็นประโยค</td>
<td>7. หลัง expect</td>
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<td>3. หลัง have to</td>
<td>8. หลัง opt to , หลัง look forward to</td>
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<td>4. หลัง help, get used to</td>
<td>9. หลัง seem</td>
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<td>5. หลัง help</td>
<td>10. หลัง have trouble</td>
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<td>แบบทดสอบที่ 1</td>
<td>เฉลยบทที่ 8</td>
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<td>1.a. is</td>
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<td>b. has arrived</td>
<td>b. can learn</td>
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<tr>
<td>2.a. flight to Seattle</td>
<td>7. a. were</td>
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<td>3. a. speaker</td>
<td>8. a. flew</td>
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<td>b. flight from New York to Paris</td>
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<td>b. played</td>
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<td>3. aboard</td>
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<td>4. direct</td>
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<td>5. (ถูกแล้ว)</td>
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<tr>
<td>6. happily</td>
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<td>7. (ถูกแล้ว)</td>
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<td>8. awfully</td>
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<td>9. (ถูกแล้ว)</td>
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<td>12. yearly</td>
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<td>13. Elderly</td>
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<td>14. namely</td>
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<td>1. slightly/badly</td>
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<td>2. very/ extremely/ dreadfully</td>
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<td>3. badly/ severely</td>
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<tr>
<td>4. utterly/ dreadfully</td>
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<td>5. virtually</td>
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<tr>
<td>6. very much</td>
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<tr>
<td>7. very/ hugely/extremely</td>
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<tr>
<td>8. badly</td>
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<td>9. enormously/ hugely/ very</td>
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<tr>
<td>10. perfectly</td>
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<tr>
<td>11. very much</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. very</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. Extremely/ very</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. much/very much</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. Very/ extremely/ dreadfully</td>
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1. so high in Chiangrai in the rainy season.
2. beautifully throughout the concert.
3. to eight countries in eight days.
4. noisily outdoors this morning.
5. dangerously along the top of the wall last night.
6. excitedly throughout the match.
7. At home at weekends.
8. Jane became utterly bored with the TV programme soon.
9. I completely disagree with David Brown at the meeting last Tuesday.
10. Good medical care for the poor is badly needed.

ประเทศไทย
1. worse than 2. longer than 3. farther หรือ further than 4. sooner than
5. deeper than

ประเทศไทย 7. (เครื่องหมาย /มีความหมายว่า ‘หรือ’
1. King Rama IV lived much/a lot/ far longer than King Rama V.
2. Bangkok is a lot /far/ much bigger than Phuket.
3. The British drink a bit/a little more than the Thai.
4. Doi Inthanon is a lot/much higher than Doi Suthep.
5. Beef is a lot /much more fattening than fish.
6. Switzerland is a much/far safer place to live than Israel.
7. Angor Wat is a bit/a little more beautiful than Taj Mahal.
8. In Sweden, people have much /a lot/ far more respect for law.
9. A train is a bit /a little faster than a bus.
10. Socialism will survive a bit /a little longer than communism.
1. in fact ช่วย may be
2. much ช่วย easier
3. briskly for 30 minutes everyday ช่วย to walk
4. by 30 to 40 per cent ช่วย could cut
5. even ช่วย better
6. briskly three or four times a day for ten minutes at a time ช่วย walking
7. continuously ช่วย walking
8. in so many ways at once ช่วย affects
9. precisely ช่วย determine
10. so far ช่วย gathered
11. faster through a muscle ช่วย flows
12. in the blood ช่วย can boost
13. for 30 minutes a day ช่วย walking
14. possibly ช่วย prevent
15. not only...but also ช่วย strengthen
16. regularly ช่วย exercised
17. later in life ช่วย decreased
Exercise 1

1. are  2. are  3. is  4. have seen  5. is
6. are  7. is  8. has  9. was  10. was
11. is  12. are  13. is  14. are  15. wins
16. have  17. is  18. is  19. is  20. is

Exercise 2

1. is  2. are  3. are  4. are  5. is
6. is  7. are  8. understand  9. were  10. was
11. are  12. is  13. are  14. are  15. are
16. am  17. is  18. attend  19. agree  20. was

Exercise 3

1. is  2. attends  3. has  4. has  5. has
6. was  7. has  8. are  9. is  10. is

Exercise 4

1. is  2. is  3. was  4. is  5. offers
6. comes  7. is  8. is  9. are  10. causes
11. is  12. is  13. is  14. is  15. is
Exercise 5
1. are 2. is 3. Are 4. attend 5. are
6. are 7. are 8. is 9. is 10. are
11. is 12. has 13. was 14. are 15. were
16. are 17. is 18. are 19. practices 20. Are

Exercise 6
1. are 2. is 3. is 4. costs 5. are
6. are 7. was 8. is 9. are 10. is
11. are 12. are 13. are 14. was 15. were
16. is 17. were 18. has 19. am 20. are

Exercise 7
1. are 2. are 3. is 4. are 5. are
6. are 7. are 8. are 9. love 10. is
11. are 12. were 13. were 14. are 15. surprises
16. is 17. want 18. are 19. is 20. is

Exercise 8
1. their 2. their 3. their 4. his 5. his
6. their 7. he 8. its 9. one's 10. me
11. she; her 12. one's 13. his; her 14. their 15. one's
16. he 17. he 18. their 19. their 20. our
Exercise 1. Underline the subject once and the verb twice in the following sentences.

1. Jack moved his apartment last week.
2. Tigers are fed twice daily.
3. Most plants are useful.
4. The building near the city center is beautifully lit at night time.
5. A blind man with a white walking stick has a black dog as his guide.
6. The Greeks can boast about their beautiful structures.
7. This I shall always keep as a token of appreciation.
8. Fog, rain, and dew crowd over the harbor area.
9. Snow covers the mountain peak beautifully.
10. Ruins in many ancient cities around the world are well preserved these days.
11. The newly designed cars are on show at the moment.
12. The truck driver drove dangerously and hit an old woman.
13. After the football match, the crowd left the stadium.
14. Under the trees are many big white benches.
15. In the garden there are a lot of fruit trees.
16. The flight attendants on a Boeing 747 have to work very hard.
17. The singers have arrived in limousines.
18. Inside the cupboard are several gold-plated dishes.
19. This is believed to be a haunted house.
20. The pilots successfully landed the broken-winged plane.
Exercise 2. Write a "C" for a complete sentence, or an "I" for an incomplete sentence, and put a period at the end of the complete sentence.

1. At the foot of the hill a pair of lions standing
2. I should bring my bike.
3. Swimming twice every day in the cold water
4. Riding across the mountain is fun.
5. A group of bees called a swarm
6. Lightning can be dangerous.
7. Several fish killed in that contaminated canal
8. To be happy is my goal.
9. Sugar cane grown around this area
10. Ten missing cars were reported this month.
11. A merry-go-round is moving slowly.
12. Jogging as a way to exercise
13. In the valley planting some flowers
14. A cat running and chasing mice
15. To make a good first impression
16. Feel free to ask any questions.
17. Watch out!
18. We are determined to pass the test.
19. Fascinating trips are my preference.
20. Open the window, please.

Exercise 3. Identify the basic pattern in each of the following sentences.

1. Eskimos live in igloos.

S + VI

482
2. Jogging is a good exercise.

   \[ S + LV + \text{complement} \]

3. She told him her secret.

   \[ S + VT + IO + DO \]

4. The doctor prescribed her some medication.

   \[ S + VT + IO + DO \]

5. Many students usually attend classes.

   \[ S + VT + OBJ \]

6. Plants need frequent watering.

   \[ S + VT + OBJ \]

7. The dancing fountain is beautifully decorated.

   \[ S + LV + \text{complement} \]

8. Coral reefs are fascinating.

   \[ S + LV + \text{complement} \]

9. Climbing the mountain tires old people.

   \[ S + VT + OBJ \]

10. Diving gives pleasure to sea lovers.

    \[ S + VT + DO + IO \]

11. Loud noise gives me an earache.

    \[ S + VT + OBJ + \text{complement} \]

12. The husband told a lie to his wife.

    \[ S + VT + DO + IO \]

13. The boys swim playfully in the sea.

    \[ S + VI \]

14. John selected Linda as his new secretary.

    \[ S + VT + OBJ + \text{complement} \]
15. The stars are glittering brightly.

___S + LV + complement

16. The setting sun is mysteriously fascinating.

___S + LV + complement

17. The teacher has not made her reasons understood.

___S + LV + complement

18. The workers showed their work schedule to their supervisor.

___S + VT + DO + IO

19. The diners ordered their food from the waiter.

___S + VT + DO + IO


___S + VT + OBJ + complement

21. The bankrupt company gave layoff notices to ninety-five employees.

___S + VT + DO + IO

22. Sam appeared unwell.

___S + LV + complement

23. The conference begins at nine.

___S + VI

24. These beautiful shoes were given to me by my mother.

___S + VT + DO + IO

25. Jim grows rare plants in his garden.

___S + VT + OBJ

26. Those athletes considered themselves the winners of the game.

___S + VT + OBJ + complement

27. The plane takes off on time.

___S + VI
28. His project sounds reasonable.

_____ S + LV + complement

29. Don sent a postcard to his coworkers.

_____ S + VT + DO + IO

30. Sally borrowed some books from the library.

_____ S + VT + OBJ
Exercise 1. Underline each subject once, and each verb twice.

1. The villagers appear to be unfriendly, but not all of them look threatening.
2. Monsters are created from imagination; they are powerful and dangerous.
3. Students usually wear uniforms; however, they are in casual dress on Fridays.
4. Irene plays cards; Susan plays chess.
5. Some people like apple sauce, but they do not like pickles.
6. The buses don’t run at night, nor do the trains.
7. Georgia grows peaches, but it doesn’t grow pears.
8. Business hires lots of experienced people; therefore, untrained ones are not wanted.
9. The magazine publishes articles; besides, it encourages short story writers as well.
10. Joseph knows Arabic; consequently, he works in the Middle East.
11. The baker makes bread; besides, she makes delicious cake.
12. Jack enjoys sports; nevertheless, he has to study harder to graduate.
13. The cafeteria serves lunch; similarly, it serves dinner.
14. Mr. Oates cannot sell his car, nor can he sell his truck.
15. The injured were sent to hospital right after the accident, yet three passed away.
16. Pricilla has to come back to work, or she will be fired.
17. George failed the test, for he missed many lectures.
18. Your fee includes your travel expenses, but it doesn’t include hotel bills.
19. The old woman gets seasick, so she throws up.
20. *We need* some cash now; otherwise, *we cannot* buy more foods.

*Exercise 2.* Combine these pairs of sentences, using a coordinator.

1. Jones would like to be a programmer, and he would like to be an auditor
2. Patricia looks for a part-time job, for she wants to pay for tuition.
3. Rachel has planned her lessons carefully, so she will make her students understand.
4. Sometimes Ruth gets upset, but he soon cheers her up.
5. Rick didn't like his job, so he simply quit.
6. Rita felt sick, so she went to a hospital.
7. Now he is homeless, and he doesn't know what to do.
8. Megan hasn't found a new job, for she has very little experience.
9. Jane could apply for another job, thus she could return to school
10. Jill is a diligent accountant, yet she hasn't received a bonus.
11. Jim is ambitious, and he loves challenges.
12. The secretary needs to speak up, for the boss may not know her problems.
13. Her failure discouraged her, and she was disappointed.
14. The whole family supported her, yet Linda gave up.
15. Nick is a determined person, so he continues the project relentlessly.
16. Women should receive equal pay to men, or they need to protest any prejudice.
17. A graduate must be well equipped with knowledge, moreover he should accumulate experience.
18. Some companies are very large, so your application letter must be distinctive.
19. Polite people are well-liked, so they have many friends.
20. Do your best, and success will be yours.
**Exercise 3**

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**Exercise 4**

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Exercise 1. Write an "S" in front of a complete sentence and an "F" in front of a fragment. Put a period after a complete sentence.

___ S ___ 1. I can hear him for miles.
___ F ___ 2. Before he left school
___ F ___ 3. To make a good first impression
___ F ___ 4. As we grow old
___ S ___ 5. Watch out!
___ S ___ 6. Before you cross the street, look left and right.
___ F ___ 7. Until the time has come
___ S ___ 8. You must be well prepared.
___ F ___ 9. Because we were late
___ F ___ 10. Since we could arrange the meeting
___ S ___ 11. Please arrive on time.
___ F ___ 12. Even before the Industrial Revolution
___ S ___ 13. You should dress up a bit.
___ F ___ 14. That you may be asked
___ F ___ 15. How we do this
___ F ___ 16. Small local shops in our area
___ F ___ 17. Gradually began as an independent group
___ S ___ 18. Some of the shops are still here.
___ F ___ 19. Unless you follow the directions
___ F ___ 20. Jacqueline, a famous superstar with many award
Exercise 2. Underline the adjective clauses in the following sentences.

Write “none” if there is no adjective clause in the sentence.

1. Swimming is an exercise that is good for the heart.
3. The Great Wall of China, one of the seven wonders of the world, is amazing.
   none
4. Along the river are boathouses beautifully decorated to attract tourists. none
5. Do you know anyone who is keen on figure skating?
6. Birds that are kept in cages are usually lonely.
7. The window which he broke last night was precious.
8. The curtain, beautifully pleated, is very expensive. none
9. I thanked the woman who willingly helped me.
10. The movie that we saw yesterday was very boring.

Exercise 3. Combine the two sentences, using the second sentence as an adjective clause.

1. I welcomed the guests who came to my house-warming party.
2. She prepared a special dinner which was very much admired.
3. The jewelry which was stolen from the museum last month was recovered by Scotland yard.
4. The office which will be redecorated will be used as the press center.
5. The athlete who has won the trophy is happy
6. The student who is from Georgia is playing basketball.
7. We are studying mathematics which is rather difficult.
8. I like a fountain pen which flows smoothly.
9. The flower vase which is from the Czech Republic is made from precious crystal.
10. The accountant who is very diligent comes pretty early every day.

Exercise 4. Combine the sentences, using the second as an adjective clause.
1. The novel which I read was fascinating.
2. I enjoyed the performance which I saw last night.
3. I found the ring which I lost last month.
4. We recognized the woman who was in our group last year.
5. The villagers whom we asked for directions were very helpful.

Exercise 5. Combine the sentences, using the second as an adjective clause.
1. The party which I went to was fun.
2. The manager whom I talked to two days ago was generous.
3. The supervisor thanked his subordinates from whom he got assistance.
4. The murals at which she is looking are fascinating.
5. The singer about whom I was telling you is sitting over there.

Exercise 6. Combine the sentences, using the second sentence as an adjective clause.
1. The judge listened to the defendant whose alibi could not be proved.
2. I apologized to the woman whose coffee I spilled.
3. We reported our lost baggage to the Lost and Found Office who luckily found it.
4. Jill met a man whose son is the president of Dale Corporation.
5. The professor whose course I am taking is challenging.
6. We offer a Thai course for students whose native language is not English.
7. Melinda comes from a country of which history goes back thousands of years.
8. Jane lives in a dormitory of which residents come from many countries.
9. I have to call the man whose suitcase I accidentally picked up after the meeting.
10. We looked at the man whose face was covered with a swarm of bees.

Exercise 7. Combine the sentences, using the second sentence as an adjective clause.

1. The town where we spent our vacation was very peaceful.
2. This is the Chinese restaurant where we will have a farewell party for Max.
3. The studio where we produce our documentaries is well-equipped.
4. That is the cupboard where we keep our chinaware.
5. The wardrobe where the film director keeps clothes for his performers is fully packed.

Exercise 8. Combine the sentences, using the second sentence as an adjective clause.

1. Monday is the day when we will launch our new product.
2. Seven forty-five is the time when the plane is to leave Hong Kong.
3. The nineteenth century is the period when the Industrial Revolution took place.
4. July is the month when the Europeans usually have their holiday.
5. Two thousand and fifty is the year when they predict a lot will happen.

Exercise 9. Underline the adverb clause in each sentence.

1. If we are late for the examination, we are not allowed to go in.
2. We discounted our products in order that we could sell them all.
3. I saw an accident while I was waiting for a bus.
4. Although they were well-prepared for their trip on the mountain, they found it difficult to climb up in some parts.

5. Lin Lin has made a lot of new friends since she came here.

6. John is a gregarious person whereas his brother doesn’t like parties.

7. The police arrived after we had called them.

8. I will be there whenever you need me.

9. Tom is happy even though he is fired.

10. I could have helped you if you had told me about your problem.

Exercise 10. Change the question in parentheses to noun clause.

1. I don’t know how old that man is.

2. What the topic of his talk was.

3. I would like to know where you are going.

4. What the boss said was shocking.

5. Do you know when the Smiths are coming?

6. I am eager to know how much this horse cost.

7. Please tell me which pen you want.

8. I don’t know who is attending the class.

9. We want to know who those people in blue shirts are.

10. Why they left the country is a secret.

Exercise 11. Change the following questions into sentences with noun clauses beginning with “I wonder.”

1. I wonder where John is.

2. I wonder whether we should wait for James.

3. I wonder whether you want to talk to Richard.
4. I wonder where our car is.
5. I wonder who took my briefcase.
6. I wonder if Penny borrowed our bicycle.
7. I wonder if Margaret will cook for us tomorrow night.
8. I wonder who that lady is.
9. I wonder if Jane has had the baby yet.
10. I wonder when you will tell us the result of our exam.
11. I wonder if Jim is in trouble.
12. I wonder whose calculator this is.
13. I wonder what causes earthquakes.
15. I wonder if there is life on Mars.
16. I wonder where the nearest phone is.
17. I wonder if this bus goes downtown.
18. I wonder where the train station is.
19. I wonder if this word is spelled correctly.

Exercise 12. Change the following sentences into a noun clause.

A. Use "It" + any appropriate expression from the list.

B. Use "That clause" as the subject.

1. A. It is a fact that Aids is a contagious disease.
   B. That Aids is a contagious disease is a fact.
2. A. It is apparent that child abuse is a contemporary problem.
   B. That child abuse is a contemporary problem is apparent.
3. A. It is too bad that Tom is unfriendly.
   B. That Tom is unfriendly is too bad.
4. A. It is unfortunate that most women suffer from matrimonial abuse.
   B. That most women suffer from matrimonial abuse is unfortunate.

5. A. It is exciting that stories about UFO are reported from time to time.
   B. That stories about UFO are reported from time is exciting.

6. A. It is a pity that Joanne failed the comprehensive exam.
   B. That Joanne failed the comprehensives exam is a pity.

7. A. It is a well-known fact that no life can live on Mars.
   B. That no life can live can live on Mars is a well-known fact.

8. A. It is obvious that smoking is hazardous to health.
   B. That smoking is hazardous to health is obvious.

9. A. It is true children from broken homes encounter psychological problems.
   B. That children from broken homes encounter psychological problems is true.

10. A. It is surprising that world "Englishes" are among the controversial topics.
    B. That world "Englishes" are among the controversial topics is surprising.

11. A. It is unfair that women earn less than men in many professions.
    B. That women earn less than men in many professions is unfair.

12. A. It is excellent that Linda's Chinese pronunciation is near that of a native.
    B. That Linda's Chinese pronunciation is near that of a native is excellent.

13. A. It's true that driving on an icy road can cause an accident.
    B. That driving on an icy road can cause an accident is true.

14. A. It is unfortunate that the Nobel Prize writer died at an early age.
    B. That the Nobel Prize writer died at an early is unfortunate.

15. A. It is excellent that Jack won first prize in the lottery.
    B. That Jack won first prize in the lottery is excellent.
Exercise 13

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